THE BEAVER ARGUS,
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D. W. SCOTT, Jr., Editor.

# BEAVER ARGUS.

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NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square — each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

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Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 15 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

## POETICAL.

### CHANGELESS LOVE.

BY AUGUSTINE DUGANNE

I sit beside my gentle one—
Her hand is laid in mine,
And thus we watch the parting sun
In golden haste decline.
Across the fields the shadows creep,
And up the misty hill,
And we our twilight vigils keep
At our cottage sill.

The distant brooklet murmurs come,
Like bell notes through the leaves;
And many an insect's mazy hum
Its drowsy music weaves.
The dove's last note, in rippling beats,
Upon the air departs;
The breath of all our garden sweets
Is creeping to our hearts.

The sweet woodbine round our porch,
In clustering ringlets twines;
The honeysuckle's crimson torch
Gleams through the dusty vines;
The sunset rays are trembling now
Amid the trellis-bars,—
They paint upon my darling's brow
A glory like the stars.

Her cheek is nestling on my breast,
Her eyes are bright with tears;
A prayer, half-breathed and half-repressed,
My listening spirit hears.
Oh! blessed by the changeless love
That glorifies my life!
All doubt, all fear, all guile above—
My own true-hearted wife!

### THE RUINED.

The room is dark, the lights grow pale;
Am I struck with deadly ail?
Money—honor—yes, I know—
There they go!

All upon a single card!
Oh! but it is very hard!
Life-long hopes at one fell blow—
There they go!

Oh! my love! my lips are wet
With her tender kisses yet;
None again shall she bestow—
There they go!

Boyhood's hopes of future days,
Place and honor, fame and praise,
Paths of joy and peace below—
There they go!

Come and take me when you will,
Let me hate me, curse or kill;
Thoughts I've none for friend or foe—
There they go!

## Miscellaneous.

### Post Office Money Order System.

The comity of nations happily permits one country to appropriate to itself the inventions and improvements which the ingenuity of another may have made. The American Fulton first made Steam Navigation a practical action instead of a fanciful theory and the English Stephenson did the rest by Railwayism; so with Morse, who set the Electric Telegraph to work; and with our sewing machines. Each country freely borrows from each other. Even now, England is about fashioning her railway cars after the American model has adopted our system of street nomenclature, (calling a line of streets by one name, instead of considering every block as a separate street) and has commenced numbering the houses with odd numbers on one side, and even on the other—instead of having Number 1 on the right facing Number 500 on the left. "Give and take" is a model motto for society in these and similar cases.

What is called the Penny Postage System which went into operation in England early in 1840, was adopted in the United States in March, 1845, and went into practice in the following July. It would be simply waste of words to declare how satisfactory the change has been. We are on the eve of another great postal benefit—this very day, the Money Order System will go into effect. Like the Penny Postage, it comes to us from England, and promises to be a decided benefit to the public. Let us briefly indicate what this system will effect. Let us suppose that Mr. John Smith, residing in St. Paul, Minnesota, should desire to remit the sum of nine dollars and twenty-five cents to his wife then in Reading, Pa.; he must ask the Postmaster of St. Paul to give him a printed form of application, to be filled up with the fact that John Smith, at St. Paul, desires to send such an amount to Mary Smith, at Reading. (In each case the Christian names of both persons must be inserted.) and on paying in the sum of $9 35, he will receive a draft on the post office of Reading for $9 25, the balance of ten cents being the price or commission which the United States Post Office Department charges for sending any amount under twenty dollars. The money paid into the St Louis post office must be in coin, United States Treasury notes, or the notes of the National banks, and the money paid out will be in the same currency. Odd cents will not be received, we believe, in the small postal currency, which, in the present scarcity of metallic cents, is likely to be found inconvenient. The order to Mary Smith, Reading, will not contain the name of the sender, but, on the day it is issued, what is called a "Letter of Advice" will be despatched from the post office in St. Louis to that of Reading, which will state the name of the person who remits and the person who is to receive the money. John Smith sends the Money Order to Reading, and Mary Smith will take it to the post office there, where, after she states who sent it to her, which must correspond with the name in the Letter of Advice from St. Louis, and the Order is ascertained to be authentic and correct in form, date, signature, &c., the full amount of $9 25 is handed to the said Mrs. Mary Smith, and her part of the transaction is ended. What subsequently is done with, or on account of the money order thus paid, is matter of post office detail, which can have no interest for the public. If a money order be lost or destroyed before payment, a duplicate may be issued, on complying with certain conditions; if it be not paid within three months, it becomes invalid, but recovers vitality on payment of a second fee; or, if the person who remits desires to draw out the money before sending off the order, he can do it; also, if the recipient of the order cannot personally attend at the post office to endorse it, he may delegate another person to do so for him. There are several minor regulations with which a little experience in the working of the system will soon make the public familiar.

The rates of commission payable on obtaining money-orders are:

On orders not exceeding $10.....10 cents.
Over $10 and not exceeding $20.....15 cents.
Over $20 and up to $30.....20 cents.

The rates in England are six cents for sums under $8, and twelve cents for sums under $25. There is no compensation, however, to postmasters in England for transacting the moneys order business; it goes into their general work, whereas, with us, except where the postmaster's annual salary exceeds $4,000, he is to be allowed one-third of the fees received for the issue of money orders, and one eighth of one per cent. upon the gross amount of orders paid. This allowance cannot be regarded as niggardly; indeed, its fault is on the other side.

An important question is, will the Money Order system pay? We believe that it will, after a time. The issuing of Money Orders has been part of the British post-office routine for nearly eighty years. Until 1840, however, it was a private undertaking in the hands of a few gentlemen respectively connected with London, Edinburgh, and Dublin. Before they entered upon it, certain of the German States had used it in their postal department. In 1840, ceasing to be a private speculation, it was made a distinct branch of the Post Office in London. In 1848, over 4,000,000 Orders were issued for $40,000,000. In 1859, the amount remitted exceeded $75,250,000, and in 1862, (the latest period of any official statement accessible to us,) there were 7,589,455 money orders issued in Great Britain and Ireland for $93,080,740. After deducting all expenses, the profit on that year exceeded $150,000. From 1852 to 1862 the whole amount of money orders lost was only $1,335. Such a thing as the forgery of a money order is of rare occurrence in England, where it is held as felony, and severely, as well as surely punishable, to forge the signature, as a recipient, to any order. In England a single money order can be obtained for any sum not exceeding $50 Early, in 1862, the system being then not only self-supporting, but profitable, it was extended to Australia, and has since been extended to Queensland, New Zealand, and the Cape of Good Hope. *Here*, we have no doubt, it will be successful from the beginning, and speedily remunerative. It will be a subject to competition, of course, from the Express Companies, but as its application will almost exclusively be for small sums, the rivalry between the public institution and the private carriers will probably not be very great.—*Phil. Press.*

A WATCH WITH ONE WHEEL.—A watchmaker in San Francisco, named Otto Weiderow, has succeeding in producing a most ingenious piece of mechanism. He has invented and manufactured a watch that has only one wheel, a mainspring and a very little other machinery, is so arranged that the watch, when set going, winds itself up, and it will run two years.—It would run forever, if the material would hold out, but the ingenious inventor says it is necessary to take it apart once in about two years for the purpose of cleaning and repairing the worn parts. It is certainly a very ingenious, yet a very simple but successful piece of work. Mr. Weiderow is also the inventor of a new sort of clock, with engine movement, the pendulum of which is on top, and works like the walking beam of a steamboat. One of these ingenious and simple clocks, silver dial, gold plated and gold hands, has been manufactured for exhibition at the Mechanic's Fair, in that city.

☞Old Father Bushnell, of Vermont, used to say that the best criticism he ever received on his preaching was from a little boy who sat at his feet, looking up into his face, as he was preaching to a crowded house. As he was going on very earnestly, the little fellow spoke out—"You said that afore."

### Tact and Talent Compared.

Talent is something, but tact is everything. Talent is serious, sober, grave, and respectable; tact is all and more too. It is not a seventh sense, but it is the life of all the five. It is the open eye, the quick ear, the judging spirit, the keen smell, the lively touch, the interpreter of riddle—the surmounter of all difficulties—the remover of all obstacles. It is useful to society in all places, and at all times; is useful in solitude, for it shows a man his way into the world; it is useful in society, for it shows him his way through the world. Talent is power—tact is skill: talent is weight—tact is momentum; talent knows what to do; talent make a man respectable—tact will will render him respected; talent is wealth—tact is ready money. For all the practical purposes of life, tact carries against talent ten to one. Take them to the theatre, and put them against each other on the stage, and talent shall procure you a tragedy that shall scarcely live long enough to be condemned, while tact keeps the house in a roar night after night, with successful farces. There is no want of dramatic talent, no want of dramatic tact, but they are seldom together, so we have successful pieces which are not respectable, and respectable pieces which are not successful. Take it to the bar, and let them shake their learned curls at each other in legal rivalry: talent sees its way clearly, but tact is first at its journey's end. Talent has many compliments from the bench, but tact touches fees from attorneys and client. Talent speaks learnedly and logically—tact triumphantly. Talent makes the world wonder that it gets on no faster, tact excites astonishment that it gets on so fast: and the secret is, that it has no weight to carry; it makes no false steps; it hits the right nail on the head—it looses no time—it takes all hints—and by keeping its eyes on the fane, it is ready to take advantage of every wind that blows. Take them into church. Talent always has something worth hearing tact is always sure of an abundance of hearers. Talent may obtain a living, tact will make one. Talent gets a good name, tact a great one. Talent convinces, tact converts. Talent is an honor to the profession. Take them to the halls of legislation. Talent feels its weight, tact finds its way. Talent commands, tact is obeyed. Talent is honored, tact promoted. Place them in the senate. Talent has the ear of the house, tact the control of the government, but tact is fitted for it. It has a knack of slipping into place with a sweet silence and glibness of movement.

It seems to know everything without learning anything. It has served an invisible and extemporary apprenticeship. It wants no drilling; it never ranks in the awkward squad. It has no left hand, no deaf ear, no blind side. In puts on looks of wondrous wisdom it has no air of profundity; but plays with the details of place as dextrously as a well-taught hand flourishing over the keys of a piano-forte. It has the air of common place, and all the force of power of genius. It can change sides with *key, presto* movement; and be at all points of the compass while talent is ponderously and learnedly sifting a single point. Tact calculates clearly, reasons logically, makes but a case as clear as daylight, and utters its oracles with all the weight of justice and reason. Tact refuses without contradiction, puzzles the profound without profoundity, and without wit outwits the wise. Set on a race of popularity, pen in hand, and tact will distance talent by half the course. Talent brings to market that which is wished for. Talent instructs, tact enlightens. Talent leads, where no one follows, tact follows where the humor leads. Talent is pleased that it ought to have succeeded; tact is delighted that it has succeeded. Talent toils for a prosperity which will never repay it; tact throws away no pains, but catches the passion of the passing hour. Talent builds for eternity; tact on short lease, and gets good interest. Talent is certainly a very good thing to be proud of, a very glorious eminence to look down from; but tact is useful, portable, applicable, always alive, always alert, always marketable; it is the talent of talents, the availableness of resources, the applicability of power, the eye of discrimination, the right hand of intellect.—*Scargill.*

THE PRAYER.—A Presbyterian clergyman in northern New York had two smart boys, just old enough to have inquiring minds, but not to discern the reasons of things. They were taught to pray; and the efficiency and need of prayer were daily impressed upon them. Both boys had a patch of "cucket" or "pop" corn in the garden, and the growing blades were watched with intense interest, a small reward being held out to stimulate their industry. One day, the father, walking near the "patch," heard the voice of the youngest solemnly engaged in prayer, and, drawing near, listened to the following petition: "O Lord, make my corn grow big corn; but, make brother Sam's grow all little nubbins!"

☞Robert Hall was once asked what he thought of an elegant sermon, which had created a great sensation. "Very fine, sir," he replied, "but a man can't eat flowers."

### Cleanliness and Health.

The most startling results accrue among the lower classes, especially, from a due attention to matters likely to affect health, is apparent in the very low mortality rate of the pauper school at Hanwell. The late Mr. Aubin succeeded in reducing the rate to less than two per cent. notwithstanding the scholars were taken from the very heart of London, many of them being half-starved, stunted, scrofulous, and suffering from ringworm and ophthalmia. It cannot be too widely spread abroad, that the secret of this clever and philanthropical superintendent's success consisted in the practice and maintenance of extraordinary cleanliness. The eight or nine hundred children under his care were well washed all over in warm water twice a week, as well as down to their waist twice a day, and the younger children were washed after every meal. Directly a garment was soiled, it was changed, although, perhaps, it had only been worn a few minutes; and, in the regular way, every elder boy was allowed three clean shirts weekly. The sheets of every bed, too, were changed weekly, and frequently oftener when required.—The profusion of clean linen causes as many as fifteen thousand pieces to be washed weekly. But the system worked wonders. Instead of a hundred little graves being made in the graveyard yearly the sexton was not called upon to dig many more than a dozen. Far finer children in country work house furbish a death rate of twelve per cent. But this unpromising selection, with this management, yielded a smaller death-rate that the wealthiest communities in the land.

Thus it will be seen that the secret of preservation of health lies in one word—cleanliness. This quality long and worthily held next to godliness, must be applied in its widest sense, and be understood to mean cleanliness in our houses, or streets, and our towns as well as in our food, linen and persons. Air, earth, and water must be kept sweet and clean, and even our fires are not exempt from influence upon health, for we may burn substances that emit unwholesome odors. Sanitary reform, therefore resolves itself into an old story—The patriarch Jacob says the path of it when he commanded his household to "be clean and change their garments," and Moses only thought clean the priest should look upon it, and cause it to be thoroughly scraped and cleaned; and, should signs of uncleanliness again present themselves, it should be taken down—s once, timber and mortar, and these materials cast out of the city upon an unclean place; and in the minute directions be issued respecting repeated ablutions. It will not be of much use to tell the story, even with the Syrian associations, to grown-up people, they know it already; but habit is second nature, and it is difficult for them to change their ways. Those to whom sanitary reform must be preached, are school children. They should be taught, if we are dirty we shall become diseased; if we sin, we shall suffer as certainly as twice two are four, and twice four are eight. It is in the mind of little children that we sow this seed.—*Chamber's Journal.*

### Economizing Coal.

The *Scientific American* gives the following useful hints upon this subject, which are confirmed by every one's experience who understands the philosophy of coal fires:

"A good bright fire can be steadily maintained with coal, with less trouble than any other kind of fuel, but not by raking, poking and piling in green fuel continually. After breakfast the fire should be cleared of ashes, if there are any, and fresh fuel put on to fill the grate moderately. Let the oven damper be turned up, so as to heat it, and leave the small top door open, more or less, according to the intensity of the heat required. In this way air enters over the top of the fire, and maintains a far better combustion and consequently greater heat than when the draft dampers are thrown open.—A washing can be done or ironing accomplished with one third less coal than is generally thought necessary to use. So far as sifting ashes for the cinders they contain is concerned, it is hopeless to expect much change.—Hundreds of poor families in cities live off the waste of their improvident neighbors, and in this way there is something used which would otherwise be lost; but it seems to us that charity should be practiced in a different and more positive manner. If the proverb be true that charity begins at home, then we have a still stronger argument against the wasteful practice. Cinders will burn admirably in small cylinder stoves, and heat a nursery or a laundry as hot as it should be. Every shovel full saved is a shovel full of coal put in the cellar, and a hint to the wise is enough on this point."

JERROLD.—The first time Jerrold saw a celebrated song-writer, the latter said to him: "Youngster, have you sufficient confidence in me to lend me a guinea?" "Oh, yes," said Jerrold, "I've all the confidence, but I haven't the guinea!"

### Historical Record.

The following is a list of the Presidents and Vice Presidents of the United States, as well as those who were candidate for each office, since the organization of the Government:

1789.—George Washington and John Adams, two terms, no opposition.

1797.—John Adams, opposed by Thomas Jefferson, who having the next highest electoral vote, became Vice President.

1801.—Thomas Jefferson and Aaron Burr; beating John Adams and Charles C. Pinckney.

1805.—Thomas Jefferson and Geo. Clinton; beating Charles C. Pinckney and Rufus King.

1809.—James Madison and George Clinton; beating Charles C. Pinckney.

1813.—James Madison and Elbridge Gerry; beating De Witt Clinton.

1817.—James Monroe and Daniel D. Thomkins; beating John Quincy Adams.

1821.—James Monroe and Daniel D Tompkins, beating John Quincy Adams.

1825.—John Quincy Adams and John C. Calhoun; beating Andrew Jackson, Henry Clay and Mr. Crawford—there being four candidates for President, and Albert Gallatin, for Vice President.

1829.—Andrew Jackson and John Calhoun; beating John Quincy Adams and Richard Rush.

1833.—Andrew Jackson and Martin Van Buren; beating Henry Clay, John Floyd, and William Wirt, for President; and Wm. Wilkins, John Sergeant and Henry Lee, for Vice President.

1837.—Martin Van Buren and Richard M. Johnson; beating William H. Harrison, Hugh L. White and Daniel Webster for President, and John Tyler for Vice President.

1841.—Wm. H Harrison and John Tyler beating Martin Van Buren and Littleton W. Tazewell. Harrison died one month after his inauguration, and John Tyler became President for the remainder of the term.

1845.—James K. Polk and George M. Dallas; beating Henry Clay and Theodore Frelinghuysen.

1849.—Zachary Taylor and Millard Fillmore; beating Lewis Cass and Martin Van Buren for President, and William O. Butler and Charles F. Adams for Vice President. Taylor died July 9, 1849, and Fillmore became President.

1853.—Franklin Pierce and William R. King; beating Gen. Winfield Scott and W. A. Graham.

1857.—James Buchanan and John C. Breckinridge; beating John C. Fremont and Millard Fillmore for President, and William L. Dayton and A. J. Donelson for Vice President.

1861.—Abraham Lincoln and Hannibal Hamlin; beating John Bell, Stephen A. Douglas and John C. Breckinridge, for President; and Edward Everett, Hershall V. Johnson and Joseph Lane for Vice President.

1864.—Abraham Lincoln and Andrew Johnson; beating General George B. McClellan and George H. Pendleton for Vice President.

THE SHADOWS OF CHILDHOOD.—God bless the little children! We like their bright eyes their happy faces, their rosy dreams! Nothing seems to weigh down their buoyant spirits long. Misfortune may fall to their lot, but the shadows it cast upon their life path are fleeting as the clouds that come and go in an April sky. Their future may perchance appear dark to others, but to their fearless gaze it looms up beautiful as the walls of a fairy place. There is no tear which a mother's gentle hand cannot wipe away, no wound that a mother's kiss cannot heal, no anguish which the sweet murmuring of her soft, low voice cannot soothe. The warm, generous impulses of their nature have not been fettered and cramped by the cold formalities of the world; they have not yet learned to veil hollow heart with false smiles, or hide the basest purposes beneath honeyed words. Neither are they constantly on the alert to search out our faults and foibles with Argus eyes; on the contrary they exercise the blessed charity which thinks no evil.

SHODDY LEATHER.—We have seen within a few days some specimens of a fabric which we presume is no novelty to our friends in the shoe trade, but which was entirely new to us.—This fabric is a manufacture from refuse scraps of leather, which are reduced to a pulp by grinding and maceration, and reconverted into solid sides of leather by pressure. The article thus produced is used mainly, we understand, for inner soals, but to an unprofessional eye it seems as suitable for all purposes of leather as the original article.—*Salem (Mass.) Gazette*

A story that Gen. Hooker has been left immensely rich by the death of a Mexican wife, is thus disposed of by the San Francisco *Alta*:

"First, Gen. Hooker's wife was not rich when he married her, nor at any other time. Second, Gen. Hooker's wife was not a Mexican. Third, Gen. Hooker's wife is not dead. Fourth, Gen. Hooker never had a wife. Fifth, Gen. Hooker is not a Croesus, never was, and never will be."

☞An Irish painter declared in an advertisement, that, among other portraits, he has a representation of Death, as large as life."

### Intemperance and Crime.

Of 1707 persons arrested by the police in Albany during three months, 1300, or more than three-fourths, were of intemperate habits. Of 1125 convicts in the penitentiary of the same city, 1013 or 90 per cent. were notoriously intemperate. Of 158 convicts in the Connecticut State Prison, 134 or 85 per cent. were in the habit of using ardent spirits. An official visitation of the county jail, in New York, in 1856 showed that in forty seven of them three-fourths of the prisoners were by their own admission intemperate. In the judgment of the visitors, two-thirds of the remainder were really so, making eleven-twelfths of the whole. The conclusion from an examination of the Providence jail the Eastern Penitentiary of Pennsylvania and the Auburn Prison in New York, was that in each case more than three fourths of the inmates were intemperate.

In 1 850, one out of every fifteen drunkards in the State of New York was convicted of crime while only one out of every 661 sober men was guilty of a breach of the law. The 60,000 intemperate persons in the State committed more crimes, by above 200, than the 2,510,000 temperate persons.

In the ten counties of New York where crime most abounds, there is one grog shop for every 240 inhabitants, whereas in the ten counties where the fewest crimes are committed, there is one for every 896.

The Washingtonian movement for the reform of drunkards began in 1842. For several years before that date the average number of convicts in the State Prison in Maine was 80; for several years after it was 60. The number of convicts, diminish one-fourth, while the population of that State increased one fourth. In Vermont the reduction was greater still. In the Eastern Penitentiary of Pennsylvania the average number of convicts for six years previous, was 387; for three years subsequent, 328, while the population increased nearly one-third.

Similar results have been observed in other countries. The closing of public houses on the Sabbath in England in 1846 was followed by a reduction in the average arrests in Bristol, from 4,058 for the three years preceding, to 2,003 for the three years subsequent, and by a similar reduction in Manchester, from 5,600 to [illegible]

☞A young Cambridge student once contended with Johnson, whom he met at Boswell's, that prosaic poetry and poetical prose must be equally good. "No, sir," said the doctor; "a man may like brandy in his tea, though not tea in his brandy." The student was asked afterwards what he thought of Dr. Johnson. "I think," said he, "that he is the great bear of conversation—his diction is all contradiction."

☞The minds of scholars are libraries; those of antiquarians, lumber rooms; those of sportsmen, kennels; those of epicures, larders and cellars; and those of young damsels the playgrounds of bewhiskered cavaliers.

☞"My brethren," said Swift, in a sermon, "there are three kinds of pride, namely: of birth, of riches, of intellect. I shall not speak of the latter, none of you being liable to that abominable vice."

☞There was an Indian Chief at Newport the past summer, who, seeing Auguste Belmont ride in a carriage with four horses, asked "if he had eaten so much dinner that it required four horses to carry him?"

A STICK IS A STICK.—"Do you see this stick, sir," said a very stupid acquaintance to Sydney Smith. "This stick has been all around the world, sir." "Indeed!" said the remorseless Sydney, "and yet it is only a stick."

☞"Julius Cæsar Hannibal," giving an account of his voyage, says: "All de passengers was heavin', and if that wasn't enuff, de captain gave orders for de ship to heave to, and she hove."

☞An Irishman who had been asked to furnish proof of his marriage, took of his hat and exhibited a scar on his head. "Here," said he, "is me marriage certificate. That's Judy's mark."

☞Woman, as we learn from Genesis, is a bone; and that may be the reason why so many dogs are always fighting for her.

☞What philosophers have advised about never opening our mouths unless we have something to say, is impracticable nonsense.

☞When a man says, "I would not be egotistical," he might as well have added, "If I could help it."

☞If you think that your opportunities are not good enough you had better improve them.

## Agricultural.

From the Germantown Telegraph.

### Killing Hogs.

Killing hogs is a business in which the whole community is interested, and perhaps a small proportion acquainted with. It is termed "butchering," and carred on in butchering style, while it is a business worthy of being conducted in a decent and scientific way. I do not propose going into a long programme of telling how to catch a hog, and how to hold him, &c, &c., but to throw out a few hints.

Do no suffer the hog to be run and worried by men, boys and dogs, getting his blood and flesh heated just before he is killed. I believe it is the cause of meat spoiling. Sometimes we drive a hog or two to a neighbor's so as to "kill together," as it is termed, making use of the same force same fire and other fixings; and we have known the hams and shoulders of hogs thus driven to come out a little short before the next summer was over.

Let the hog be killed with as little noise, and worriment, and excitement as possible. A *Jerseyman* has one man to get into the pen, select the first victim, and shoots him, or with a broad-faced hammer (like a shoemaker's hammer,) knocks down the hog, when other men come immediately and stick, others drag out, and go to scalding, and so on, with a large number of hogs.

"Scalding machines have become very common, and are a good institution; but every body has not got one, and still use tubs. I like the tub, and want nothing better for ordinary times; but I want a rope and tackle, and one or two hands to help work the hog. I would not allow a hog put into hot water while there is a sign of life in him; *but when dead*, make an opening to the gambrail strings and hook in, and hoist the hog, and dip him head and shoulders into the scald; do not let him remain more than a second or two, lest his hair 'sets;' hoist him and air him, and if needful dip him in again and again till done; then look into the *lower jaws* and scald the hinder parts. I like slow scalds the best, as less likely to "set the hair." While the hind parts are getting scalded the face may be cleaned. Too little attention is generally given to *cleaning* the head, as also [illegible] hung and washed [illegible] taken off, and set upon a [illegible] or block, and regularly shaved and cleaned.

And now, while speaking of the head, I want to say how I cut up a head. I lay it on its side and take off the jowl (or lower jaw). I then saw down across the face just *above* the eyes, but careful to run into the eye-sockets, and on trough, leaving the eyeballs with the snout end, so that there is no further trouble with scooping the eyes out of the face-piece; then without further separating of the parts, starting between the ears, saw up and downwise, not caring to extend further down towards the snout than to the saw-mark *across* the face, but clean through at the other end. Now, having done with the ears for handles I cut them off, then take out the brains for pickling—skin the snout, and take of the flesh for scrapple, and throw the nazal organ away. The faces are to be corned. I use a saw but never an axe in cutting up a hog, consequently the meat is clear of splinters, and chips of bones. In "chining a hog to cool I saw down the ribs instead of hacking them with a hatchet. A small-sized hog-hook *flattened* answers very well for taking off the hoofs and toe nails of a porker; or, you may use a pair of pinchers. BUTCHER

*Bucks County, Oct.* 1864.

DON'T STINT THE COLTS.—Dr. Dadd says: At no time in the life of colts, do English farmers pay so much attention to these animals, or feed them better than during their first winter; and these men contend that, if you inform them how a colt is fed and cared for the first year, they will predict what kind of a horse he will make.

Just so soon as a colt is weaned, he should have a few handfuls of good oats, bruised, per day, a few pounds of cut straw, and a few pounds of hay cut. All else that he procures in the pasture will fill up the gap in his stomach (which occurs between meals) and he will not over distend that organ nor his intestines, simply because the wants of nature have to a great extent been satisfied, or rather provided for, by feeding the article just alluded to. Some persons may object to feeding colts in a generous manner, on account of the expense; but if good fodder makes strong, vigorous, and healthy colts, and such colts make valuable horses, then I think such investment must pay well. Finally, the principal effect produced on the growing animal by an insufficient nutrition, is, to hinder the best developments. Therefore I say *don't stint the colts.*

☞Mr. Wm. Stockholm, of Franklin township, Susquehanna county, has this fall killed a hog, two years old last may, the dressed weight of which was 512 pounds. Baldwin & Allen, of Montrose, purchased the porker at 14½ cents a pound—or $75 66

# THE BEAVER ARGUS

D. W. SCOTT, JR., EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

November 30th, 1864.


## SUBSCRIPTION TERMS.

It is not possible to continue the publication of THE ARGUS under the old arrangement of sending the paper to subscribers who may not pay within five or ten years. Printing paper costs three or four times as much as it did in 1860, and besides we must have the money to get it even at that price. Printers' expenses are very much greater, which must be equalized by an increase of their wages. To meet these demands, and so continue the publication of THE ARGUS, its subscriptions must be paid invariably in advance. Club rates have also been established by which we expect to furnish THE ARGUS somewhat cheaper to its subscribers. and, their number to be largely increased.

| | |
|---|---|
| One copy, one year | $ 2 00 |
| Five copies, one year, to one address | 9 50 |
| Ten copies, " " " | 18 00 |
| Twenty " " " " | 35 00 |

☞ Any larger number, $1,75 each.

☞ Additional subscribers from time to time, as they may be obtained, may be added at the club price.

☞ Clergymen and professional teachers $1,00 per year.

☞ No subscriptions received for a less time than six months.

☞ Postmasters are authorized to act as agents for the *Argus*.

☞ Subscribers whose time is about to expire will receive their papers marked with an X.

## Rates of Advertising:

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|---|---|
| One square, 1 insertion | $1 00 |
| Each subsequent insertion | 50 |
| ¼ column, 6 mos | 12 00 |
| ½ column, 6 mos | 20 00 |
| 1 column, 6 mos | 35 00 |
| Professional and business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines | 8 00 |
| Executors, Administrators and Auditor's Notices, each | 3 00 |

Local notices, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Deaths and Marriages will be published gratis where the same does not exceed five lines; for each additional line 5 cents will be charged—excepting in the notices of deceased soldiers, which will be published free.

☞ All transient advertisements must be paid in advance. Address, always postpaid,

D. W. SCOTT, Jr.,
Beaver C. H., Pa.

## Sherman's Great Advance.

Sherman's *insane* move turns out to be an act of superior wisdom. When it was discovered that he had left Atlanta, turning his back upon the rebel army under Hood feebly endeavoring to injuriously operate upon his lines of communication leading North from the lately captured stronghold of the rebellion in the South-west, every one was filled with mysterious wonder.—Whither can he be going? was the prevailing inquiry. Some said he was [illegible] and imprisonment there.—Others said he was on the way to take Savannah. Others, to overthrow that doomed city — Charleston. Every place of importance in the South-east was fixed upon as the object of his march. How well he kept his own counsels! More than a week had transpired since he started on his journey, yet no one could tell whither his journey was to be. Gen. Barry, his Chief of Artillery, addressed the following letter to the editor of the Buffalo *Courier*, that gives us the first reliable intelligence of Sherman's situation:

BUFFALO, Nov. 20. 1865.

I have been deeply mortified by reading in *The Buffalo Courier*, of Saturday, the opinion of some indiscreet friend that I had been sent to the North by Maj. Gen. Sherman; in connection with peace propositions from the State of Georgia. I beg to say that I came North for no such purpose. I arrived at my home late last night, seriously ill from an attack of erysipelas in the face and head, which utterly prevented me from accompanying Maj.-Gen. Sherman in his present expedition. As I am the last officer who left Maj.-Gen. Sherman (having bidden him good-bye at Kingston, Ga., on the 12th inst. at 9 o'clock a. m., when he turned his horse's head in the direction of his proposed operations,) a word or two as to the condition of his army may be of interest.

Gen. Sherman has every infantry, cavalry and artillery soldier that he wants; they have all received eight months' pay; their outfit has been especially adapted to a hard and rapid winter campaign; and the *morale* of the troops is unequaled. Our friends at the North must exercise patience with regard to Gen. Sherman's movements, but must never for a single moment lose confidence in his final success. His genius and vigor will carry the army triumphantly through the work which he has to do.

I may add that on Monday night last, Hood's entire force, including Forrest's cavalry, were in the immediate neighborhood of Tuscumbia and Florence, Alabama, watched by a body of troops under command of Maj.-Gen. George H. Thomas, of such strength as will render the invasion of Tennessee an impossibility, and even the withdrawal of Hood for service elsewhere, an operation of extreme delicacy.

WILLIAM F. BARRY, Brig.-Gen.,
Chief of Artillery of Gen. Sherman.

The next reports we have of Sherman's progress were from rebel sources, and highly satisfactory. Those reports were to the following effect: That he was approaching Macon on the 19th, that he was within thirty miles of that city, an important place to the Confederacy, as it contained large manufactories of armor, small arms, powder, locomotives, &c. The Richmond papers of the 22d contain dispatches from Macon that Sherman was within 18 miles of that place. On the 25th the report reached us that Macon had been captured with many prisoners. It was also reported that Milledgeville, the Capitol of the State, had been taken; and there seems to be no doubt of the truth of the report, since the last telegraphic dispatches from Augusta admit that there is no communication with Milledgeville.

The following is a synopsis of Gen. Sherman's order before marching:

Gen. Howard to command the right wing, viz: the 15th and 17th corps; Gen. Slocum the left wing, viz: the 14th and 20th corps. The order of march will be, whenever practicable, in four parallel roads, converging at points hereafter indicated: the cavalry, Gen. Kilpatrick commanding will receive special orders. The separate columns will start habitually at seven a. m., and make about fifteen miles per day. Horses, mules, Wagons, etc., to be freely appropriated, and forage parties to be regularly organized. Negroes who are able-bodied, and can be of service to the several columns, may be taken along; each army commander will bear in mind that the question of supplies is a very important one, and his first duty is to see those who are in arms.

This has thus far been a victorious march, and will surely continue to be so, if what we hear of the rebel situation be true. Grant has Lee so tightly by the throat that he has not breath enough to bid any come to the assistance of Georgia, even if she wished for it—of which there is much reason for doubt. Indeed, it is rumored that Gov. Brown has notified Gen. Sherman that Georgia, Alabama and another State had determined to return to the Union.

Gen. Early must stand upon the order of his going as given by Gen. Sheridan. Hood, with what contempt he has been treated; but, we dare say, he deserves it for being so unmannerly as to to attempt entering into Sherman's household by the back door. Beauregard and Hood, like Don Quixote and his Squire, when at the command of the former they charged upon a flock of sheep, must now feel decidedly sheepish. Perhaps they are more like a young lad who ventured far out on the limb of a cherry tree, when a smart breeze sprung up that made the limb shake, so that he could not get back, and he stood there hallowing with all his might for help. So they stand in Northern Alabama [illegible] will be to make devastation more desolate. The longer the army is delayed in its march, the more will it be exasperated, and the more provisions and forage it will take from the country. Reports of his further progress will be waited for and read with thrilling, but not painful interest.

## Letter from the President.

Mrs. Bixby is the recipient of the following letter from President Lincoln. She is a poor widow, living in the Eleventh Ward of Boston. Her sixth son, who was severely wounded in a recent battle, is now lying in Readville hospital.

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, November 21.

*Dear Madam:*

I have been shown in the files of the War Department a statement of the Adjutant General of Massachusetts that you are the mother of five sons who have died gloriously on the field of battle. I feel how weak and fruitless must be any words of mine, which should attempt to beguile you from grief of a loss so overwhelming, but I cannot refrain from tendering to you the consolation that may be found in the thanks of the republic they died to save. I pray that our Heavenly Father may assuage the anguish of your bereavement leave you only the cherished memory of the loved and lost, and the solemn pride that must be yours, to have laid so costly a sacrifice upon the altar of freedom.

Yours, very sincerely and respectfully,
A. LINCOLN.

RAILROAD TRAVELING AT THE SOUTH.—A refugee, whose story the New York *World* tells, gives the following account of railroad travel at the South:

From Mobile to Richmond the trip is made in five or six days if no accidents happen; $250 will cover all expenses. We bought peaches on the road at the rate of three to four dollars a dozen. One of the distinctive features in the South was, in past days, cotton fields spreading out over hundreds of acres their mass of green glittering leaves whereupon myriads of boles like so many flakes of snow gently cradled by the passing breeze. No such sight greeted our eyes. Cornfield after cornfield streached over hill and plain. The corn crop is good throughout the South, and there is no fear of starvation. One car only is allowed for passengers; blessed is the man who has a lady in charge, for he is admitted into that car. The bachelor goes into the soldier's cars, there to stand or sit on the floor, for they are nearly always over-crowded. There is so much traveling for the sake of visiting wounded soldiers or seeing relatives long absent, that ladies have to stand up for hours in the passenger car. Trains connect with a certain regularity not always to be depended upon.

## General Grant in New York and Philadelphia.

On the 17th inst., General Grant left the army for Washington, when, after a brief visit to the President and the Secretary of War, he departed for his home in New Jersey, where he was received with every demonstration of delight. On Saturday the General, accompanied by his family, arrived in New York, and quietly proceeded to his hotel. During the day, with his little son and daughter, he spent an hour or more at a noted place of amusement. The fact of his arrival became known to a number of prominent citizens, and these he entertained for a short time, when he attended a grand reception, given at the Astor House, to Mr. Fenton, Governor elect. Numerous efforts were made to induce the General to make a speech, but without avail. He remarked to a friend, that "if all the imaginary gold, which exchanged hands in Wall street every twenty-four hours could be converted into solid material, and all offered to him for a speech on that occasion, he would not make it; that it was not the purpose of his mission to make speeches." Voices in the large crowd there assembled, called upon the General to "rise up, we want to see you." The General rose, bowed, and sat down amid cheers from all parts of the room. To General Sickles he delegated the honor of returning his thanks for his flattering reception. He received very few visitors during his stay in the city. On Sunday evening he called upon Gen. Scott, at the Hoffman House. When the General was about to leave, Gen. Scott presented him with a copy of his Autobiography, on the blank leaf of which he had written, "From the oldest to the ablest General in the world." To those with whom he conversed, he spoke cheerful and hopeful of the situation of affairs, and remarked that "the Southern Confederacy is a mere shell. I know it. It is a rotten shell, and Sherman will prove it to you." In answer to a question whether ninety days would bring the end, he said, "That he was not a ninety day man, but we shall see what shall happen in six months." On Tuesday morning he arrived at Philadelphia, intending to proceed immediately to the front, but missed the train and was obliged to lay over a few hours. In passing along one of the streets, although plainly dressed, with nothing about his person to indicate his rank, he was recognized by a soldier, who made known the General's presence, and the news spread like wild fire, and in a few moments he was surrounded by a large crowd. He was grasped around his neck, and his coat-tail, hands and arms were seized by all that could reach him. The police finally extricated the General from the throng, and conveyed him to the Mayor's office, where he was warmly welcomed by the Mayor, and from thence he was escorted to his hotel. In a short time he quietly took his departure from the city. During his stay in the Mayor's office, Mayor Henry made inquiries as *to the health* thereupon some one at the General's elbow said:

"How is your *other* family, General?"

"What family?" responded the General.

"Your family in Virginia, General," was the reply.

The General, smiling at this witticism, answered: "Oh, they are always in the best of health."

☞ Hon. Salmon P. Chase, late Secretary of the Treasury, spoke in Cincinnati on the Monday following the election, to some thousands of rejoicing Unionists, and thus outlined his views of the meaning of the great verdict of the 8th of November:—"I do not think some of the men who have sinned so deeply against the people, and against the nation, and against God, will be likely to receive much lenity from Mr. Lincoln. But toward those who have been drawn into rebellion, by the overshadowing influence of leaders—who have gone into it unwillingly, or even willingly, under mistaken apprehensions to all except those who have formed, plotted, arranged, carried out this rebellion—to all except criminals, I suppose a liberal spirit may be shown. But upon the essential conditions there can be no change. And those conditions are the Union and freedom. The Union embracing every foot of the old republic—Union under the flag, floating every where, and freedom for all men, so that wheresoever the flag shall float, it will float over no master and no slave." (Applause.)

## The Treasury Department.

A correspondent of the Philadelphia *Bulletin* protests against the rumored appointment of Robert J. Walker as Secretary of the Treasury. We join in the protest heartily. In all this broad land there is certainly *some* one who is better fitted for the important place that the author of the ruinous Tariff of 1846. The men are not all dead yet who felt the woeful weight of that disastrous enactment; and the country wants no experiment in free trade, *now*. We do object to the President calling about him men of Democratic antecedents; we have a right to insist that the head of the Treasury Department shall be in sympathy with the people on the Tariff question. Mr. Walker is all right on the War question; but he is, or was, all wrong on the question that the Treasury Department has most to do with.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

☞ Monticello, the former residence of Thomas Jefferson, in Albemarle County, Virginia, was sold at auction in Richmond on Thursday under the sequestration act, for eighty thousand five hundred dollars; Benjamin F. Ficklin purchaser. A negro woman and her seven children (all of the latter being under seven years of age) brought twenty-three thousand dollars. A negro man was sold for upward of seven thousand dollars.

## The New Malady

Which has come to afflict "the body politic," as our friend and occasional correspondent Husbands would say, is very properly denominated "oil on the brain." Some months ago it was thought to be a sort of epidemic, but if we judge from present appearances it may now be considered a universal infection. The fever is no longer confined to the "bourse", nor is it limited to men. Women and children, too, have, to use a common phrase, "gone in," and it is not uncommon to hear one lady ask of another, "Have you got any oil?" At the opera, while the curtain is down, the "chitchat" is no longer of Mrs. Bonny's last party, or the doings of the bachelors' club; the fashions are slightly discussed, it is true, but the styles are measured by the price of "Maple Shade," "Egbert," "Bull Creek," or "Sailors' Jersey Farm," where there is as much show for oil as in many of the popular sites on the Allegheny. The recollection of the morus multicaulus fever is being blotted out by the grand oil furore, and the wonderful Mississippi bubble of John Law is in danger of being thrown away back into the shade by the all powerful and absorbing influence of "sandstone rock" and "boring ground." Bank clerks watch an opportunity, when the "Governor" is not about, to ply the depositor on the prospects of the last new company, or to "stake up" on West Virginia. The counting houses everywhere are flooded with lithographs representing a derrick, a steam engine, and a huge tub, and even the pulpit has been invaded, and it may be that, ere long, oil stock certificates will be found between the lids of God's great book.

A very unfortunate circumstance connected with this business is, that our language fails to furnish us a word with which to distinguished the new aristocracy that has grown up among us from speculation in oil. Broken down political hacks have grown to be millionaires in miniature. Ex-members of the Legislature, whose brains, when in position, were merely sufficient to enable them to find out "what is in it," have grown to immense proportions, and seedy bill brokers, who, a year ago run the mail between the capitol list and his needy victims, revel in brown-stone fronts, and drive tip-top teams with a looseness that astonished the old codfish aristocracy, and sets the shoddyites all agog. What is worse than all, this "new generations of upstarts" is growing impertinent apace, and is, of course, illustrating the adage of "a beggar on horseback." They will not be criticised by the press. "We are a power," says one, who, a short time since, was glad to borrow small sums in the pretty town of West Chester, "a power that can crush the press;" and "if it interferes with our operations," quoth this new fangled president of oil company, "we will do it." Bravo, old fellow, let's begin; oil is greasy, and money, no matter how it is made, is powerful; but the brains of the craft, with printers' ink, will live when the new born oil-cracy is covered up by

The Pittsburg *Commercial*, the local editor of which is extremely industrious in extending the area of the oil country, says:

The residents of Tyrone city, Blair county, have got the oil fever badly, from certain indications of the oleaginous deposit alleged to have been discovered there. The indications referred to it is alleged, were found at Grant Mill, in Bald Eagle Valley, owned by Messrs. Pruner & Burley, of Tyrone, and a practical zoologist has pronounced the indications for oil unmistakable. The discovery, it is said has created considerable excitement, and offers to buy territory have been made and refused.

Of course there is oil in Blair. We have seen it there—seen it burned in lamps and used for greasing boots, &c.; but we do not know where it came from—propably from Venango county.—*Philadelphia News.*

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.

Advices from the Shenandoah and the Army of the Potomac indicate that two divisions have left Early and arrived at Richmond.

A reconnoissance, made by the cavalry in the Valley, shows conclusively that the remainder of Early's forces are between Woodstock and Harrisonburg, and have not got down as far as Stanton. It is clearly evident that they have abandoned all offensive movements for the present.

Mrs Sarah Hutchins, one of our most fashionable ladies of Baltimore, Maryland, convicted by a military commission of attempting to send a sword to the rebel Colonel, Harry Gilmore, and of alleged correspondence with the rebel States, has been sentenced to five years labor in the penitentiary, and five hundred dollars fine, to be imprisoned after the expiration of five years from the day of her arrest, until the fine is paid. Efforts are being made to have the sentence remitted.

FORTRESS MONROE, Nov. 25.

The United States steamers, Atlantic and Blackstone, arrived this morning from Savannah river, with 1500 released Union Prisoners. The remainder of the fleet, under Colonel Mulford, is on its way to Annapolis, Md. that being the place destined for disimbarkation. The total fleet is estimated at 10,000, and judging from appearance, those already received must be in a deplorable condition.

Major General Schenck has arrived on a visit to the front.

☞ Six persons, including the nephew of the pirate Semmes, were arrested at Chicago on the night of the 14th, accused of conspiring to release rebel prisons from Camp Douglas.—This is a portion of the great conspiracy of the West, and the Grand Signior of the order has confessed enough to implicate all and expose the whole.

## From the 140th Regiment.

NEAR PETERSBURG, VA.,
Nov. 9th, 1864.

The Presidential election is passed. To know the result, will now be the efforts of all persons at home or abroad. Its influence is not merely local. It is parallel with civilization. The acts of the day have determined doubtless, that this great American people is to stand as one government. Show to the world that our distinctive form of government is not a failure; that the heart of the nation still throbs for freedom as did that of Washington and Jefferson. Though there may be Arnolds and Burrs among us, they are powerless against the mighty tide of patriotism which sets in around them from the city, the hamlet and the tented field. That they cannot escape the "eternal vigilance" of the sentinels who guard the sacred rights of the ballot box and the noble pillars of the grand old temple of freedom.

It is such a voice that the noble and brave men of the one hundred and fortieth regiment sends up to you from the lowlands of Virginia. This regiment by its vote would have you proclaim to those who love them and who may for their physical and moral safety that, though they have marched hard and have fought hard and endured hardness, like good soldiers, by night and day for more than two years, still they are ready to sling their knapsacks and shoulder their muskets to meet the traitorous enemy that would sap the life streams of our government and destroy the peace and happiness of their homes. The regimental vote amounted to two hundred and two, giving for Mr. Lincoln one hundred and forty-seven; for General McClellan fifty five. Mr. Lincoln's majority being ninety-two votes. The votes were taken, according to law, at each company commanders quarters and as the vote cast by each company may be interesting to you I will append it.

| Companies. | Lincoln. | M'Clellan. |
|---|---|---|
| A | 11 | 20 |
| B | 18 | 00 |
| C | 18 | 6 |
| D | 11 | 3 |
| E & G | 19 | 6 |
| F | 8 | 7 |
| H | 23 | 7 |
| I | 19 | 00 |
| K | 20 | 4 |
| | 147 | 55 |

Please notice the voting of companies B. and I. Some fraudulent tickets were distributed in the regiment and also some "poll books" but were discovered in time, and no injury resulted to the cause of humanity by the loss of Union votes. Two agents from the North whose business it was to distribute spurious tickets and poll books, have been arrested by Lieut. Alex Sweney, the efficient Provost Marshal of our Division. It is hoped they will receive the punishment which their base acts merit. The election passed off very quietly. All seemed to feel the honor, dignity and responsibility of the occasion. The health of the regiment is good.

Sincerely yours. M.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.

The Government to-day received the following dispatches:

CITY POINT, Nov. 24.

There is nothing new or important this morning, except the arrival of rebel deserters, who report they left Savannah river on the 22d inst. The Baltic was loading, and when she left the exchange of prisoners was going on well. Capt. Gray says that just before he left there it was reported that Macon and Milledgeville was burned. The Legislature was in session at Milledgeville, but was dissolved. The members had scattered in every direction.

The following is taken from the Savannah *Republican* of the 21st inst:

COBINTH, Nov. 18, VIA SELMA 20.—To the People of Georgia—Arm for the defence of your native soil. Rally around your patriotic Governors and gallant soldiers. Obstruct and destroy all the roads on Sherman's flank and rear, and his army will soon starve in your midst. Be confident, be resolute. Trust in an overruling Providence, and success will soon crown your efforts. I hasten to join you in the defence of your homes.

(Signed) G. T. BEAUREGARD.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.

In the debate of the rebel House of Representatives on the 19th, the fact is developed that the war against Vice President Stephens, is extending to all reconstructionists, and Boyce, Brown, Leech, Vance, Stephens, Cobb and Foote are denounced as heedless agitators of dangerous questions.

The House of Representatives, like the Confederacy in general, is divided against itself, and cannot stand long.

In the excitment produced by Sherman, the debate shows that Governors Brown and Vance have taken positive action against the execution of the conscript laws.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.

Your correspondent in the Army of the Potomac reports all quiet.—Forty tuns of poultry in all had been received for the Soldiers' Thanksgiving dinners. There were very few regular dinners served, as at home, but there will be a carnival of feasting for several days yet, before all the turkeys and fixing are exhausted.

One hundred and sixty-eight rebel deserters sent up from Gen. Grant's army, took the oath to-day, and were sent North.

☞ The correspondent of the Boston *Traveler* writes as follows: "I have been in the Army of the Potomac when commanded by Burnside, Hooker and Meade, but have never before seen it in the splended condition that it now presents. All seem to rejoice in the election of "Uncle Abe," as the soldiers call him. I have not seen a Copperhead, or a McClellan man yet, unless it be a squad of rebel prisoners brought in by our men yesterday; but it is one consolation that they cannot reach New York it season to vote.

☞ The second session of the rebel congress has been attended with very strong debates, principally devoted to an examination into Mr. Stephens' position. It may soon appear that the Vice President is to be impreached.

Prof. B. Stillman, sr., expired at his residence in New Haven; on the 24th inst. aged eighty-four.

Rebel deserters state that they have just heard of Lincoln's election, and having full hopes of speedy peace, determined to fight no longer. Every effort was made to prevent the result from being known, The strictest order against the exchange of papers prevail in the Army of the Potomac, while in General Buttler's department there seems to be no restrictions on the subject.

The *World's* Washington special says that it is settled beyond all question that Salmon P. Chase is to be Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.


## PAMPHLET LAWS.

THE PAMPHLET FOR 1864 have been been received at the Prothonotary's office and are now ready for delivery to those entitled to the same.

nov80'64:3t M. WEYAND, Pro.

## SPECIAL INCOME TAX.

NOTICE is hereby given that the lists of Taxables for the Special Income Tax, levied under the Act of July 4th, 1864, are now open to inspection for FIFTEEN DAYS, at the offices of the Assistant Assessors, as well as at the office of the undersigned.

SAMUEL DAVENPORT.
nov30'64 Assessor 24th Dist. Pa.

## BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

*Monday, the 12th of December.*

Among its advantages are—

1. An efficient and accomplished Faculty.
2. Thoroughness in its classes.
3. Superior advantages for Vocal and Instrumental Music.
4. Extent of its English & classical course.
5. Daily lessons in German and French.

☞ Send for a catalogue to

nov30'64 REV. R. T. TAYLOR.


## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of M. C. DOBBS, late of Raccoon township, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

S. C. GORMLY, Adm'r.,
nov30'64 Raccoon tp.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of THOS. M'ANDREW, late of New Brighton, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN REEVES, Adm'r,
nov30'64 New Brighton.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF BEAVER COUNTY. In the matter of the distribution of the balance of assets in the hands of John R. M'Donald, admsnistrator of the estate of Nov. 16th, 1864, on motion of H. Hice, Esq., Attorney for Administrator, the Court appoint Jos. H. Cunningham, Esq., an Auditor to marshal the assets in the hands of said Administrator (as shown by his account confirmed) among the creditors of said estate.

JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clk.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the balance of assets in the hands of John R. M'Donald, Administrator of the estate of Francis Marion Erwin, dec'd, will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on Wednesday, the 21st day of December, 1864, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at his office in Beaver.

nov30'64 J. H. CUNNINGHAM, Auditor.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF BEAVER COUNTY. In the matter of the distribution of the balance of assets in the hands of James Torrence, Adm'r. *cum testamento annexo* of Robt. Creswell, dec'd.

And now, to wit: Nov. 18, 1864, on motion the Court appoint Jos. H. Cunningham, Esq., an Auditor to make distribution of the balance in the hands of said Administrator, as shown by his account by said Court confirmed according to the provisions and directions of the Will aforesaid.

JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clk.

The Auditor appointed by the Court to distribute the balance of assets in the hands of James Torrence, Adm'r. *cum testamento annexo* of Robt. Creswell, dec'd., will meet the parties interested for the purposes of his appointment, on Tuesday, the 20th day of December, 1864, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at his office in Beaver.

nov30'64 J. H. CUNNINGHAM, Auditor.

## ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF Valuable Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of Orphans' Court of the County of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by Public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

*THURSDAY, Dec. 29th*, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate of Robert Moore, of South Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., dec'd., situate in said township and county aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, to wit Beginning at a stone, thence by land of Montgomery Hartford and Daniel M'Crea's heirs south 1° west 133 5 perches to a stone, thence by land of Wm. M'Kee south 86½° east 185 8 perches to a stone, thence by land of Andrew McCloy and John McDade north 4° east 191 3 perches to a stone, thence by land of Wm. M'Kee nor. 87½° west 185 perches to the place of beginning, containing 160 acres and 148 perches, strict measure, on which are erected one large frame dwelling-house, two stories high, one hewed log tenant house, 17 by 18 feet, hewed log barn, 60 by 28 feet; about 130 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation. There is on the land over 200 bearing apple and peach trees, with a four feet vein of coal underlying nearly the whole premises.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in two equal, annual payments from that date, with interest thereon from same time, and to be secured by bond and mortgage.

JOHN SLENTZ,
Nov23'64 Adm'r. of said dec'd.

## NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Nov. 15.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Bank of Beaver County, that in conformity with the act "*enabling he Banks of this Commonwealth to become Associations for the purpose of banking, under the laws of the United States*," approved Aug. 22, A. D. 1864, the provisions of the said law has been fully complied with and the Directors of said Bank have made the requisite certificate to the Comptroller of Currency, in pursuance of the laws of the United States.

EDWARD ROOPS, Cash'r.


# BIOKRENE OR LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK! YOUTH TO THE AGED!

This preparation is unequalled as a Regenerator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

## Biokrene

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Imbecilence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most delightful, *desirable and novel* effect upon the nervous system; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are strongly advised to seek a cure in this most extraordinary and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have forfeited *natural vigor*, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

## Biokrene.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Dispirited, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial. It will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weakness of all kinds, and will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will prove a boon to Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish dyspepsia forever.

One dollar per Bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by Druggist generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing

HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, *Proprietors*,
81 CEDAR-STREET, NEW YORK.

☞ Sold at Marquis' Drug store, Beaver, one door below Post Office. [nov30'64:1y]

Unquestionably the best Sunday work of the kind in the World.

## HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

*Critical Notices of the Press.*

It is the foremost Magazine of the day.—The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more entertaining friend, than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant* (Baltimore)

The most popular Monthly in the World.—*New York Observer.*

We must refer in terms of subdued praise to the high tone and varied excellence of the HARPER'S MAGAZINE—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest literature for general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American Public and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 144 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood-cuts; and it combines in a remarkable degree the useful with the entertaining. It has great power in the direction of a love of pure literature.—TUCKERMAN'S *Guide to American Literature*, London.

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as cannot be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

## SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR 1865.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals direct from the office of publication.

The postage on HARPER'S MAGAZINE is 24 cents a year which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office.

### Terms:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year.....$4 00

An Extra copy of either the MAGAZINE or WEEKLY will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each, remittance; or Six Copies for $20 00.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set, now comprising twenty-nine Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS,
FRANKLIN SQUARE, New York.


## Quarterly Statement of Bank of Beaver County.

NEW BRIGHTON, Nov. 21, 1864.

RESOURCES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Notes and bills discounted, active | $205,866 42 |
| U. S. 6 percent. coupon bonds | 121,000 00 |
| Furniture and office fixtures | 1,962 45 |
| Due from other banks | 4,334 66 |
| Notes and checks of other banks | 7,376 20 |
| U. S. Treasury notes | 61,500 00 |
| Coin in vault | 3,536 31 |
| | $405,575 52 |

LIABILITIES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital stock | $131,225 00 |
| Notes in circulation | 65,000 00 |
| Due depositors | 158,422 13 |
| Due the Commonwealth | 1,036 35 |
| Contingent funds | 3,025 92 |
| Dividends unpaid | 5,726 22 |
| | $295,075 62 |

I certify that the above statement is true and correct according to the best of my knowledge and belief. EDWARD ROOPS, Cash'r.

Affirmed and subscribed before me this 23 day of Nov. A. D. 1864.

T. M. M'CORD, Notary Public.


## FOR SALE.

A HOUSE AND LOT in the borough of Fallston, are offered for sale at a greatly reduced price and on reasonable terms as to time of payment. The lot is 82 feet front by 118 feet in depth upon it are erected a two story frame dwelling house and a small stable. The dwelling house contains six rooms, and is neatly and substantially built. Upon the premises are grape vines, shrubbery, &c. To any one wishing, at a low figure, to purchase a comfortable residence, conveniently arranged and pleasantly located such opportunities as the above rarely present themselves. For particulars inquire of

ANDREW WAY,
nov9 Beaver, Pa.


## ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN BEAWRIGHT, late of Raccoon township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES SMITH, Adm'r.,
nov23'64 Beaver P. O.

THE BEAVER ARGUS,

NOVEMBER 30th, 1864.

## LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

### Notice.

Those of our patrons who are indebted for subscription, advertising, &c., are requested to make immediate payment. Subscriptions will be payable to the undersigned until January 1st, 1865. Mr. Scott is authorized to receipt in my name.

D. L. IMBRIE.

☞ Our newly elected Commissioner, Mr. Joseph Irons, entered upon the duties of this office on last Monday. He takes the place of Mr Daniel Short, who has served his term with much satisfaction, fidelity and honor.

☞ Men and Boys' Clothing—heavy Overcoats, Pants and Vests; heavy Ribbed Drawers and Undershirts, fancy Flannel Shirts and country knit Socks, at Stokes', New Brighton. No goods misrepresented to effect a sale. We invite inspection of all our goods.

☞ A new telegraph is being put up along third street. Although there is no office as yet placed here, still it is to be hoped that the day is near when a telegraph office will be of as much advantage to the company as it would be now to our citizens.

WINTER.—Tuesday night and Wednesday of last week, were very cold—cold as many days in mid winter. It came upon many of our farmers so unexpectedly that some of their vegetables were injured by the severe frost. Let the citizens be busy now, while the weather is favorable, that they may be prepared for the colder days near at hand.

ROBBERY OF A CHURCH.—On thanksgiving night the Beaver M. E. Church, at which we spoke in last week's issue, was entered by some person, who appropriated the clock and stripped the aisles of their carpet. The man who will rob an unprotected church is more than a thief—he is also a coward.

AN UGLY WOUND.—A son of Mr. John Gibson's, of this place, was out shooting the other day, and being about to shoot a rabbit near the slaughter house of a butcher, which is back of the town, his large, ferocious dog broke loose and seized the boy by the leg, making a painful and dangerous wound.

DYING OFF.—Since the Presidential election the Democratic papers are dying off like rotton sheep. The State *Register* at Indianapolis, the *Register* at Springfield, Ill., and the Democratic State paper at Madison, Wis., have all given up the ghost. Here are the organs of the party at the Capitals of three States, defunct; and the smaller fry are following them rapidly all over the North. They can well be spared.

EDUCATIONAL.—The Directors of Freedom Borough employed for a six months term of School, the following persons: Principal, Prof J. H. Veon, at $55 per month; Miss. Emma J. Robinson, first assistant, at $25 per month—and Miss. Emma McConnel, Primary Department, at $25 per month. H. Bryan, Pres't W. W. Kerr, Sec'y.

DEDICATION.—We are informed by a note from Prof. O. N. Hartshorn, President of Mount Union College, that the dedication of a new and magnificent edifice for college purposes, (near Alliance, Ohio,) will take place, on Thursday, December 1st, at 1 o'clock, p. m. Hon. Salmon P. Chase will deliver the Dedicatory Address. The exercises are to be held in the commodious College Hall. Admission free. Friends of the Literary Institution are all respectfully invited to be present.

BEAVER SEMINARY & INSTITUTE.—We call attention to the opening of the next term (December 12,) of this deservedly flourishing Institution.—Prof Taylor gives to it his best energies and must be gratified to see his efforts so highly appreciated. We learn the Music Class is unusually large. The pupil practices under the supervision of a teacher, thus securing precision and much more rapid progress than in the usual way, where she is left to plod her way unaided. Prof. Geary has several classes there in French and German, thus offering to our citizens the opportunity of securing a knowledge of these languages for their children.

☞ Men and Boys' heavy Boots, Ladies', Misses and Children's custom-made Calf Balmorals, *a superior article;* Gum Shoes, and a full line of heavy goods for winter wear, at prices that defy competition, at Stokes', New Brighton.

☞ Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls, Hoods, Nubias, Balmoral Skirts in variety, and at low figures, at Stokes', New Brighton.

### Letter from the Army.

[The following letter we received through the Hon. Dr. Lawrence, which, as he says, "shows something of the temper of the soldiers now in the army."]

1st DIV., 2ND ARMY CORPS,
*Near Petersburg*, Nov. 11th, 1864.

*Dear S.*—As I am alone this evening, I felt as though I should pay my debt to you. I have nothing that will be particularly interesting to you at this time. We are all anxiety to hear the election news. Rumor gives us favorable reports, and we confidently expect a grand success of the Union ticket, which will place "Father Abraham" in the White House for another four years. The soldiers have shown their loyalty by giving a large majority for Lincoln. All the old soldiers voted right, while the recruits and bounty-jumpers were in the majority for "Mac." However, we have shown copperheads and traitors at home, upon what ground we stand, and what kind of a peace we desire. Poor "Little Mac" what regrets will fill his bosom as he looks back on his former popularity with the soldiers, and with what reluctant steps he will turn away from the White House toward the head waters of "Salt River," where he will mourn the sad fate of his hopes and the dimmed lustre of his "two stars."

Hancock has left us; and what soldier is not sorry? I have a song on the subject, composed by Lawrence Reynolds, Surgeon 63d N. Y. V. [The song spoken of here, was published in the *Argus* week before last.—*Editor.*] It is pretty good. It is reported that Hancock takes command of the "Army of the James." Gen. Humphreys is his successor.

The election passed off greatly to the surprise of all. I think one reason of this was that the New York soldiers had all voted by "proxy" long ago, and their votes had gone to that State. The "rebs" no doubt knew this; hence the quiet. The vote of the 140th stands—Lincoln 148, M'Clellan 55. We have good weather here, tho' to-day threatens rain. The air is cold and damp.

The Philadelphia *Inquirer* of Nov. 10 was suppressed on account of contraband news. Some numbers were circulated, but they were gathered up, although not before some one saw the news. Report says they were as follows: Gen. Sherman has burned Atlanta and left two Corps to take care of Hood, while he with five Corps is marching toward Charleston, S. C.—That is startling, is it not?

I hope the glorious victory at the polls will have a good effect on the rebs. But I must close.

Yours, &c., JOE.

THE LADY'S FRIEND.—The December number of this magazine is a truly splendid one, being the handsomest yet issued. The opening plate, "The Snowbirds' Christmas Visit," is a perfect gem; and the Frontispiece of the volume, suggested by a story of Hans Christian Andersen's, is one of those engravings upon which the eye will linger for a long time, and turn to again and again. Two more beautiful engravings than these are seldom seen in a magazine. The double Fashion Plate for this month is finely engraved and richly colored—no magazine contains superior steel fashion plates to the Lady's Friend; while the other engravings are as usual numerous, and doubtless highly interesting to the ladies. It is filled with choice reading matter, and is, altogether, one of the best monthlies of its class, published in the country. Among the contributors to this magazine, are Mrs. Hosmer, Frances Lee, Mrs. Barnes, Mrs. Dentison, and Virginia F. Townsend.

Price $2.50; 2 copies $4.00; 9 copies $16.00; 21 copies $35.00. Specimen numbers will be sent to those desirous of making up clubs for 15 cents.

Wheeler & Wilson's celebrated Sewing Machines are furnished as Premiums on certain terms. Address Deacon & Peterson, 319 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

Now is the time to send on subscriptions for 1865.

☞ Mrs. Mary Wilson, mother of Mr. Samuel B. Wilson of this town, is the author of the following stanzas. They will appear much more interesting and remarkable to the reader when he knows that she has had two grand-children killed in this war, and was *eighty years of age* when she composed these few well-ordered words, in a hand-writing that would grace a billetdoux of a belle of twenty.

LINES WRITTEN ON THE DECEASED SOLDIERS OF BEAVER COUNTY.

*Forever* hallowed be the *dust*
Of those *brave* men who *freely* died—
Their country's *cause*, their *aim* and *trust*;
*Treason* and *death* alike defied.

Although *unmarked* their *lonely* graves,
From *history's* page their *fame* shall rise,
Which running parallel with *time*,
Unchanged shall *emulate* the skies.

While *life* shall last the *memory* dear
Of those *brave men* we will revere;
*They*, who for us so nobly *fell*,
Shall in our *hearts forever* dwell.

*Beaver, Oct.* 31, 1864.

☞ Muslins, Prints, DeLaines, Alpaccas, Coburgs, Flannels, and a good assortment of Dry Goods selling cheap at Stokes', New Brighton.

### MARRIED.

Nov. 24, by Rev. D. L. Dempsey, D. D., assisted by Rev. S. Burt, WM. H. PIERCE Esq., of Pittsburg, Pa., and Miss EMMA L., daughter of Rev. D. L. Dempsey, D. D., of Beaver, Pa. No cards issued.

### Beaver County Election Returns—1864—Official.

| DISTRICTS. | LINCOLN. | M'CLELLAN. |
|---|---|---|
| Big Beaver | 120 | 81 |
| Bridgewater | 58 | 55 |
| Borough tp | 190 | 73 |
| Brighton | 84 | 89 |
| Chippewa | 88 | 43 |
| Darlington | 178 | 98 |
| Economy | 83 | 141 |
| Fallston | 61 | 80 |
| Franklin | 54 | 68 |
| Greene | 220 | 88 |
| Freedom tpr | 66 | 45 |
| Hanover tp—Frankfort dist. | 112 | 59 |
| do —M'Guire's dist. | 90 | 76 |
| Harmony | 13 | ... |
| Hopewell | 111 | 69 |
| Independence | 55 | 97 |
| Industry | 76 | 77 |
| Marion | 16 | 61 |
| Moon | 105 | 67 |
| New Brighton | 327 | 123 |
| New Sewickly tp—Feezil's dist. | 96 | 154 |
| do —Freedom dist. | 15 | 45 |
| North Sewickly | 91 | 145 |
| Ohio | 145 | 47 |
| Patterson | 29 | 18 |
| Phillipsburg | 11 | 54 |
| Pulaski | 42 | 81 |
| Raccoon | 129 | 70 |
| Rochester boro | 164 | 82 |
| Rochester tp | 31 | 37 |
| South Beaver | 133 | 52 |
| | 2993 | 2200 |
| SOLDIERS' VOTE | 244 | 104 |
| Total | 3237 | 2304 |

## Beaver Markets:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Flour per bbl | | | $11 50 |
| do " 100 lbs | | | 5 75 |
| Dried Apples per bushel | | | 1 75 |
| do Peaches | " | " | |
| Green Apples | " | " | 80 |
| Wheat | " | " | 2 00 |
| Corn | " | " | 1 20 |
| Rye | " | " | 1 55 |
| Oats | " | " | 75 |
| Barley | " | " | |
| Clover Seed, | " | " | 8 00 |
| Timothy Seed, | " | " | 5 00 |
| Flax Seed, | " | " | 2 25 |
| Beans, | " | " | 2 75 |
| Potatoes, | " | " | 75 |
| Onions, | " | " | 2 00 |
| Corn Meal, | " | " | 1 50 |
| Eggs, | " | dozen | 25 |
| Butter, | " | lb | 40 |
| Hams, | " | " | 20 |
| Shoulders, | " | " | 18 |
| Sides, | " | " | 19 |
| Tallow, | " | " | 15 |
| Lard, | " | " | 25 |
| Candles, | " | " | 25 |
| Soap, | " | " | 16 |
| Molasses, | " | Gallon | 1 35 |
| Carbon Oil, | " | " | 1 00 |

New Winter

GOODS

of every kind.

Barred and Striped Flannels,
Red and Gray Twilled Flannels,
Plain Flannel, all Colors,
BLANKETS and SHAWLS,
New Styles Dress Goods,
Alpaccas, Delains, Barred Popplins, Wool Delains French Merinos, Prints, Ginghams, Pant Stuffs, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Hoop Skirts, Balmoral Skirts, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, Men and Boys Hats, Ladies and Misses Hats, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, and YANKEE NOTIONS;
A full stock now ready for inspection, at

FORTUNE'S
CELEBRATED CHEAP STORE,
IN ROCHESTER, PA.
Come and See for Yourselves
before purchasing, and be convinced how low Dry Goods can yet be bought.
*Remember the Place,*
NEAR THE POST OFFICE,
In ROCHESTER,
AT
FORTUNE'S.

CASH PAID
FOR
BUTTER AND EGGS,
BY
A. S. HARVEY, Bridgewater.

AMERICAN GOLDPEN COMPANY

MANUFACTURERS of Gold Pens and Pencil Cases of every description, and Sole Manufactures of the *Celebrated Angular Nibbed Pen.* A supply just received and for sale at the *Bridgewater Drug Store.*

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA,
THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR
Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

*From Emery Edes, a well-known merchant of Orono, Maine.*

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

*From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.*

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

*From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dennisville, Cape May Co., N. J.*

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

*From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the well-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.*

"I had for several years a very troublesome humor in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

*From Dr. Robt. Searle, Houston St., New York.*

"DR. AYER. I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the perseveringuse of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

*From J. M. Johnston, Esq., Watsontown, Ohio.*

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

*From Hon. Henry Monro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.*

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

*From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunkhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.*

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

*From Dr. Hiram Stout, of St. Louis, Missouri.*

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

*From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.*

"DR. AYER. My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effectual in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

*Mr. Chas. S. Van Lieu, of New Brunswick, N. J.*, had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weaknesses, are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Ulceration*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the topical application of local remedies.

*From the well-known and widely celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrell, of Cincinnati.*

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

*A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:*

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia,
when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S
CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

☞ Sold by J. Moore, Beaver; Dr. Smith, Bridgewater; S. J. Cross, Rochester; Dr. Sargent, New Brighton; and by dealers everywhere. n v9'64

New Goods!

THE undersigned has returned from Philadelphia, and has now opened his new Goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satnets, Jeans, and Tweeds.

Ladies' Dress Goods,
Tan, Lavender Leather, and Mode Parmettas and Alpacas, also Silk Warps, Black Alpacas; superior article.

*Made up Clothing, Coats, Pants and Vests of Cloth and Casimets.*

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Salt, and which will be sold at a reasonable profit from cost and carriage. THOS. M'CREERY.
sep28

RE-OPENED.

THE subscriber having fitted up a NEW GALLERY, in a neat style, with all THE LATEST IMPROVEMENTS necessary for making fine PICTURES of all kinds, having a LARGE SKY-LIGHT in connection with SIDE LIGHT, is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call, with

AMBROTYPES, of every size or style;
CARD PHOTOGRAPHS,
LARGE SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS,
PLAIN PHOTOGRAPHS,
COLORED PHOTOGRAPHS,
*Old Daguerreotypes or Ambrotypes enlarged into Photographs.*

A large assortment of
LARGE AND SMALL ROSE-WOOD & GILT FRAMES always on hand, and for sale low.

All work warranted superior to to any other in the county, and equal to any in the State. Call and be convinced at the

Beaver County Gallery of Art,
OVER WYNN'S STORE,
*A few doors below the National Hotel.*
C. A. GRIFFIN,
Beaver, aug24] PHOTOGRAPH ARTIST

Dr. D. M'Kinney,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of
BEAVER AND VICINITY.
OFFICE IN
*The Shearon Building, S. E. Corner of Diamond, Beaver, Pa.*

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES.

The Best, Most Reliable Sewing Machine Now in Use!

These Machines make the lock-stich alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silks that the single or double thread loop-stitch Machines do. It will Stitch, Hem, Fell, Quilt, Tuck, Plait, Gather, Cord, Braid, etc., all without previous basting; and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family; or they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect; or from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, without changing the feed needle or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever!

It has the following advantages over all other machines:

Far greater variety of work; beauty and excellence of stitch; speed and quietness of motion; simplicity of construction; ease and management; elegance of design and finish.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of an intelligent buyer.

—Please call and examine.

S. H. PEIRSOL,
BEAVER, PA.
aug17] Sole Ag't for Beaver co.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER

And Other
Nervous and Chronic Diseases.
EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disorder ed mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air, and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or effort wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
Beaver Co. Pa.
nov12'62

BOSS BROTHER, & Co's. Extra Chemical Writing Fluid, the best in the world, at the Bridgewater Drug Store. Try it and be convinced. Manufactured by the American Ink Company.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15th, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of 7 3-10ths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect.—They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposits were made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

Special Advantages of this Loan.

IT IS A NATIONAL SAVINGS BANK, offering a higher rate of interest than any other, and *the best security.* Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *cannot* pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government money.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interested, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

*Convertible into a Six per cent. 5-20 Gold Bond.*

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum, for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, a the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

*Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation.*

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress *exempts all bonds and treasury notes from local taxation.* On the average, this exemption is worth about two per cent. per annum, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith of ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

First National Bank of Pittsburgh,
Third National Bank of Pittsburgh,
AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS
which are depositaries of Public money, and all
RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS
throughout the country will give further information and

*Afford Every Facility to Subscribers.*

aug.17'64—inside 3 m.

New Marble Works!
D. Irons,
MARKET ST., BRIDGEWATER.

THE Subscriber announces to the public that he is prepared to furnish to customers all kind of work in his line from a PLAIN SLAB to a CARVED TOMB STONE.

American and Italian Marble
Kept on hand, and all kinds of plain as well as Ornamental work done in a satisfactory manner. D. IRONS.
*Market st. 1 door north T. Allison's store.*
june15'64

BEAVER SEMINARY.

THE FALL TERM OF FOUR MONTHS, will open on
*Monday, the 29th of August, inst.*
☞ For further information send for a catalogue. Address
S. B. MERCER,
aug10'64:4t Beaver, Pa.

FOR SALE AT BRIDGEWATER FOUNDRY—
1 Spring Wagon,
1 set Double Harness,
1 Iron-shod Sled,
1 set Tinner's Tools,
1 Grind-stone and Mandril,
1 Anderson Drum Stove,
2 Rifle Guns.
oct19'64: By THOS. CAMPBELL.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of GEORGE FOX, late of Hanover township, Beaver co, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.
WILLIAM FOX, Adm'r.
nov23'64 Hanover tp.

Choice Property for Sale in Bridgewater, Pa.

A LARGE two-story Frame Dwelling House, nearly new, with six rooms, besides Kitchen, Cellar, &c.—well stocked with fruit trees, grapes and shrubbery; well situated for schools, churches, &c. The site is elevated, and view unsurpassed. For further particulars enquire at the BRIDGEWATER DRUG STORE. E.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S
FEMALE REGULATING
PILLS

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression.—They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flushes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect speedy cure.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills
Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but Ladies must bear in mind that there is *one condition* of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a *peculiar result.* The condition referred to is *pregnancy*—this result, *miscarriage.* Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it. *They cannot do harm* in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills
Are the *only medicine* that *married and single ladies* have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *Beware of imitations!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, with *immediate and persistent success.*—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you *want the best and most reliable Female Medicine in the world*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!
They have received, and are now receiving the sanction of the most *eminent* Physicians in America.

Explicit Directions with each Box—the price, ONE DOLLAR per box, containing from 50 to 60 pills.

Pills, sent *by mail, promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds. *Sold by Druggists generally.*

HUTCHINGS & HILLIER, *Proprietors,*
81 Cedar street, New York.

☞ Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. S. Smith, Bridgewater; Dr. Marquis and J. H. Hannen, Rochester, John Moore, Beaver, and by all Druggists at New Brighton. [nov28:1y

A Complete Pictorial History of the Times,

*"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."*

Harper's Weekly,
SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

*Critical Notices of the Press.*

"The best Family Paper published in the Union."—[New London Advertiser.

"The model Newspaper of our country—complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper—HARPER'S WEEKLY has earned for itself a right to its title a Journal of Civilization."—[N. Y. Evening Post.

"This Paper furnishes the best illustrations. Our future historians will enrich themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers, and printer, and publishers are turned to dust."—[N. Y. Evangelist.

"A necessity of every household."—[Boston Transcript.

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation."—[Phil. Press.

"The best of its class in America."—[Boston Traveller.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.
1865.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY promptly to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication. Postmasters, and others desirous of getting up Clubs, will be supplied with a handsome pictorial Show-bill on application.

The postage on HARPER'S WEEKLY is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post office.

Terms:
HARPER'S WEEKLY, one year.....$4 00
An extra Copy of either of WEEKLY or MAGAZINE will be supplied gratis for every Club of Five Subscribers at $3 00 each in one remittance; or Six Copies for $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $6 00. A complete Set, comprising Eight Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $4 50 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser. Address
HARPERS & BROTHERS,
FRANKLIN SQUARE NEW YORK.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of HENRY FINLEY, late of Sharon, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JOS. A. WRAY, Adm'r.,
oct19,'64 Brighton tp

VALUABLE FARM AND COAL LAND FOR SALE.

A TRACT of first rate land, situate in Chippewa tp., Beaver county, about 8 miles west of New Brighton, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, is offered for sale on favorable terms. About seventy acres of this land are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance well timbered, and all under fence. There are on the premises a stone dwelling house, a large stone spring house, (the upper story of which is now used as a dwelling,) and hewed log barn. There is a vein of excellent coal underlying a large portion of the tract, with opening near the railroad.

☞ For further information inquire of JAMES FIFE, Esq., Brighton, Pa., N. P. FREEMAN, Esq., Pittsburg, or M. WEYAND, Prothonotary's office, Beaver, Pa. S. oct19'64

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in

Freedom, Beaver County,

offers his professional services to the public. ☞ Office in Phipps building. [mh16'64

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of REBECCA REED, late of Industry tp, Beaver county, Pa. dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Adm'r,
Ohio tp.
nov16

ANDREW WRAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
*BEAVER, PENNA.*
OFFICE in the Southern extremity of the National Hotel. [aug31'64y.

# MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

**We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.**

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

HON. CHAS. S. RODIER,
Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.

HON. H. M. KINSTREY,
Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.

HON. ADAM WILSON,
Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.

HON. R. M. BISHOP,
Mayor of CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HON. I. H. CRAWFORD,
Mayor of LOUISVILLE, KY.

HON. JOHN SLOAN,
Mayor of LYONS, IOWA.

HON. JAMES McFEETERS,
Mayor of BOWMANVILLE, C. W.

HON. JAMES W. NORTH,
Mayor of AUGUSTA, ME.

HON. HENRY COOPER, Jr.,
Mayor of HALLOWELL, ME.

HON. JAMES S. BEEK,
Mayor of FREDERICTON, N. B.

HON. WILLARD NYE,
Mayor of NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

HON. J. BLAISDELL,
Mayor of FALL RIVER, MASS.

HON. W. H. CRANSTON,
Mayor of NEWPORT, R. I.

HON. FRED. STAHL,
Mayor of GALENA, ILL.

HON. JOHN HODGDEN,
Mayor of DUBUQUE, IOWA.

HON. THOMAS CRUTCHFIELD,
Mayor of CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HON. ROBERT BLAIR,
Mayor of TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

HON. R. D. BAUGH,
Mayor of MEMPHIS, TENN.

HON. GERARD STITH,
Mayor of NEW ORLEANS, LA.

HON. H. D. SCRANTON,
Mayor of ROCHESTER, N. Y.

HON. DE WITT C. GROVE,
Mayor of UTICA, N. Y.

HON. GEO. WILSON,
Mayor of PITTSBURG, PA.

HON. C. H. BUHL,
Mayor of DETROIT, MICH.

HON. HEMAN L. PAGE,
Mayor of MILWAUKIE, WIS.

HON. W. W. VAUGHN,
Mayor of RACINE, WIS.

HON. A. FARR,
Mayor of KENOSHA, WIS.

HON. JOHN C. HAINES,
Mayor of CHICAGO, ILL.

HON. M. J. A. HEATH,
Mayor of SELMA, ALA.

HON. A. J. NOBLE,
Mayor of MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HON. W. S. ROLYBAD,
Mayor of COLUMBUS, GA.

DON ESPARTERO MANUEL,
Mayor of VERA CRUZ.

DON PIETRE DE CABALLO,
Mayor of MEXICO.

DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES,
Mayor of HAVANA.

DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA,
Mayor of LIMA, PERU

DON M. G. MILANGNO,
Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILI

DON ITARO SESQUIPEDALIA,
Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL

**Certify that the resident Druggists have secured them**

## Ayer's Sarsaparilla

**Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.**

**For Spring Diseases.**
**For Purifying the Blood.**
**For Scrofula or King's Evil.**
**For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.**
**For Eruptions and Pimples.**
**For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.**
**For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.**
**For Tetter or Salt Rheum.**
**For Scald Head and Ringworm.**
**For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.**
**For Scrofulous, Sore Ears, and Humors.**
**For Female Diseases.**
**For Suppression and Irregularity.**
**For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.**
**For Liver Complaints.**
**For Diseases of the Heart.**

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Merido, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla,**
**Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,**
**Ayer's Pills, and**
**Ayer's Ague Cure,**

PREPARED BY
**Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,**
LOWELL, MASS.

And sold by Druggists everywhere.

## Wanted:

FOUR boys between the age of 14 and 16 years to feed a four cylinder printing press. Apply immediately at the Pittsburgh Gazette office. 3w

# "VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for 'treason, and spoils.'"—*N. Y. Crayon.*

### SPECIAL NOTICE

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

### VANITY FAIR,

ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY,

and is for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the office of Publication, No. 113 Nassau-street, New York.

TERMS:

Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
Five copies.....12 00
Ten copies.....20 00

An Extra copy will be allowed to the getter up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st. New-York.

MME. DEMOREST'S
**Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,**
*With Great Improvements and Additions,*
THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS
*FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,*
COMPRISING THE
New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses' Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful
BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS,
Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for
**Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,**
And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.
☞ Summer No. now ready.

## GLORIOUS NEWS!

*Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.*

### New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest."—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept. 9, '63. I. N. ATKINS.

## ICE CREAM SALOON
### In Bridgewat r.

THE subscriber has fitted up, in an elegant and modern style, for an ICE CREAM SALOON, his house on the corner of Bridge and Mulberry Streets.

**Cakes and Confectionaries,**
of all kinds, constantly kept on hand.
ORDERS FOR ICE PROMPTLY FILLED.

May 25, 1864—tf FREDERICK WALZ.

## ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE subscriber has opened, in connection with his CONFECTIONARY, an
*ICE CREAM SALOON,*
in the North-East corner of the Diamond, where persons can be accommodated. A share of the public patronage is solicited.

may26,'65 FRED'K. WALTERS.

The said election will be held through the county as follows:

### Estate of John Imbrie, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN IMBRIE, late of Big Beaver township, Beaver County, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. L. IMBRIE, Beaver,
R. S. IMBRIE, Darlington,
je29'64 Administrators.

## T. M. McCord,
### Notary Public.

OFFICE WITH
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATT'Y AT LAW,
*(Near the Provost Marshal's office,*
*BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,*
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft; also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [de16

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No 60 Nassau Street, New York.
aug12,3m

### EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the Probate Court of Columbiana county, O., having granted to the undersigned letters testamentary on the estate of Horatio N. Barker, late of Perry tp. Columbiana county, Ohio, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. S. BARKER, Ex'r.,
je15'64 New Brighton.

WASHER, WRINGER and STARCHER Combined! Silver and Bronze Medals, Diplomas, Certificates, Premiums, and Testimonials, have been received from various sources, both Public and Private.

Self-Adjusting and Adjustable! The only Wringer with the Patent Cog-Wheel Regulator, for turning both rolls together and which positively prevents the rolls from breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog-wheels give it a power which renders it a most Excellent Washer pressing and separating, as it does, the dirt with the water from the clothes, leaving them dryer, whiter, and smoother than when "wrung" by hand. The water can be pressed from large and small articles, easier, quicker, and more thoroughly than by the ordinary, old-fashioned back-breaking, wrist-straining, and clothes destroying process.—The Cog-wheels prevent all "wear and tear" of clothes by the friction of the rolls or breaking of stitches by twisting.

Without Cog-wheels, the whole strain of forcing the cloth through the Machine is put upon the lower roll, and the cloth is made to act in the place of Cog-wheels, to drive the upper roll, causing a much greater strain upon the lower roll than when Cog-wheels, with our Patent Regulator, are used, besides the extra strain upon the cloth. A Good Canvasser wanted in every town. Liberal inducements offered, and exclusive sale guaranteed:

R. C. BROWING, Agent.
347 Broadway, New York.
WM. G. WOLF, Agent,
May 11, '64 Borough township.

☞ J. R. TODD is Agent for Universa Clothes Wringer in the Townships of Moon, Hopewell, Independence, Raccoon, Greene, and Hanover.

### MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious Quacks—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

Dr. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia. Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

## PHŒNIX
### LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE-FRAME MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c, Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

**Dealers are invited to call upon us**
When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

*Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.*
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*
May7—3mos

### THE GREAT CAUSE OF
## Human Misery.

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A LECTURE BY Dr. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs; and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

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### ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned, Guardians of the minor children of Thomas S. Wray, late of Beaver co., dec'd., will expose to sale by Public Vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

*Wednesday, Nov. 30th, 1864,*

at 2 o'clock, p. m., the undivided one-half of a certain house and lot, being the real estate of the aforesaid Thos. S. Wray, situate in the village of Sharon, and bounded as follows: On the east by Beaver creek, west by D. McCready, north by Mick Morgan, and south by Charles Wigley.

TERMS—One-half of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in one year from that date, with interest from same time. By the Court:

MARY WRAY,
JOHN A. FRAZIER,
oct19'64 Guardian.

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Our stock will comprise all comprise all the the Novelties in latest importations, including reps in all colors, plain and figured blacks, plain silks in all colors, check and brocade silks, Swiss and Foulard silks, all of which we will sell at such low prices that none can fail to be suited.

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## HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
## And Ointmnt.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

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Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

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Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

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To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

**CAUTION.**—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box: the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

## 600,000
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The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Higtus, Williamsport Ferry, Shorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

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From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

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*Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.*

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

## FALLSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence, this week, Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.

je17.63 EPH'M. SMITH.

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*The Bugle Calls! The War has Begun! War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.*

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A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

**PRESERVING THE TEETH**
*Purifying the Breath and Mouth*
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The best evidences that they are is, that their firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd* is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says, "We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success rests with the fact *that his articles are precisely what they are represented to be, as we can testify from their long use.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. *We find it the best powder for the teeth we have ever used.* I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Powder contains no acids, nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

**WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?**

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons can testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving firmness and health to the gums. Hundreds of cases of *Diseased, Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth, Canker,* etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's astringent wash.

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*ARTIFICIAL TEETH,*

which are liable to impart a taint to the mouth

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Drops cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

Farmers and mechanics! you cannot well afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling sume you can now get preservatives, than which Rothschild or Aster can get nothing better. Remember that *Dyspepsia and Consumption of the Lungs* often originate in neglect of Teeth. Send for the *Treatise on Teeth*, and read Dr. Fitch's observations on this subject! If too late to arrest, delay in your own teeth, save your children's teeth.

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*WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE DOING?*

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to happiness of those using them, and they wont them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing 37 cts. for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail, but to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half-pint bottle by mail. The people want these Remedies. *Who will supply them?*

Now is the

**CHANCE FOR AGENTS.**

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune in carrying these articles around to families. The Dental Treasury is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one and see, or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. ☞ Now is the time to go into the business, to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address,

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Alpaccas, Delains, Barred Poplins, Wool Delains French Merinos, Prints, Ginghams, Pant Stuffs, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Hoop Skirts, Balmoral Skirts, Ladies and Children's Shoes, Men and Boys Hats, Ladies and Misses Hats, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, and YANKEE NOTIONS.

A full stock now ready for inspection, at

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**Come and See for Yourselves**

before purchasing, and be convinced how low Dry Goods can yet be bought.

*Remember the Place,*

NEAR THE POST OFFICE,

**In ROCHESTER,**

AT

# FORTUNE'S.

## Office of J. T. Lloyd,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT
**At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,**
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
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THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

*New Twenty Year 6 per ct Bonds*

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Interest at Six per cent. per annum, and commence from date of purchase.

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